

AGERATUM PLANT NAMED ‘AGROSAMTIS’**Latin name of the genus and species of the plant claimed**

Ageratum houstonianum

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Varietal Denomination

‘Agrosamtis’

Background of the new plant

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The present invention comprises a new distinct cultivar of *Ageratum*, botanically known as *Ageratum houstonianum*.

15 The new variety “Agrosamtis” was discovered as a seedling variant of a population of rose and pink flowering plants in a controlled planting.

As a result of this the present cultivar was created in 2000 in Enkhuizen, Netherlands and has been repeatedly asexually reproduced by cuttings in Enkhuizen, Netherlands, in Gilroy, USA, in Angers, France and in Sarrians, France over a three year period. The distinctive characteristics of this new
20 *Ageratum* are stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction. It takes 8 to 10 weeks to produce a finished plant, depending on the temperature.

25 This new *Ageratum* plant is an annual in most climatical zones in the US, only in zones 9 and 10 it is a perennial plant.

Description of the drawing

This new *Ageratum* plant is illustrated by the accompanying photographic drawing which shows
blooms, buds and foliage of the plant in full color, the color shown being as true as can be
30 reasonably obtained by conventional photographic procedures

Description of the new cultivar

The following detailed descriptions set forth the distinctive characteristics of this new *Ageratum*.

The data which defines these characteristics were collected from asexual reproductions carried out
5 in Enkhuizen, Netherlands. The plant history was taken on 30 weeks old plants, blossomed under natural light in a greenhouse.

Color readings were taken in the greenhouse under ambient light. Color references are primarily to the RHS Colour Chart of the Royal Horticultural Society of London.

10 **Differences between the new cultivar 'Agrosamtis,' and a similar cultivars**

	'Agrosamtis'	'Agsantis'	'Agmontis'
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Flower color	Light red purple	Light purple	Purple
Plant height	15 – 20 cm	15 – 20 cm	20 – 25 cm
Diameter of plant	30 – 35 cm	35 – 40 cm	35 – 40 cm

The Plant

Classification - Botanical	: <i>Ageratum houstonianum</i>
15 Parentage	: population of rose and pink flowering plants
Growth habit	: Ascending, well branched
Plant height	: 15 – 20 cm
Spreading area of plant	: 30 – 35 cm
Growth rate	: Compact
20 Strength	: Very good
Branching Character	: Freely branching and lateral branching at every node
Blooming period	: year round

The Stem

	Stem length	: 3 – 9 cm
5	Diameter	: 1 – 2 mm
	Shape	: Round
	Color	: 145 C
	Anthocyan pigmentation	: Absent
	Length of internode	: 5 – 17 mm, depending on the light where the plant is propagated
10	Pubescence	: Slightly pubescent

The Foliage

	Phyllotaxis	: Opposite, decussate
	Shape of blade	: Cordate
15	Texture - upper side	: Slightly pubescent
	- lower side	: Slightly pubescent
	Venation	: Reticulate
	Leaf margin	: Serrate
	Leaf base	: Cordate
20	Leaf apex	: Rounded
	Length	: 7 – 21 mm
	Width	: 5 – 17 mm
	Colour - Upper side	: Dark green 137 B
	- Lower side	: Medium green 138 B
25	Pubescence	: Some pubescence is present
	Length of petiole	: 1 – 5 mm
	Diameter of petiole	: 1 – 2 mm
	Color of petiole	: Light green 145 C
	Petiole surface texture	: Slightly pubescent

Inflorescence

- 5 Inflorescence : compound umbel of capitula
 Number of inflorescence per plant : 40 - 50
 Umbel size : 3,0 – 5,0 cm
 Umbel depth : 1,5 – 3,0 cm
 Length of peduncle : 4 - 23 mm
- 10 Diameter of peduncle : 1 – 2 mm
 Color of peduncle : RHS 144 B
 Length of pedicel : 2 – 9 mm
 Diameter of pedicel : 1 mm
 Color of pedicel : RHS 144 B
- 15 Number of capitula per inflorescense : 2 – 4
 Number of disc florets per capitulum : 40 - 75
 Capitulum in bud stage : round , flat capitulum, showing unopened florets from the start
 Number of ray florets : 0
- 20 Shape of the corolla of the disk floret : actinomorph
 Number of lobes : 5
 Length of disk floret : 3 – 4 mm
 Diameter of disk floret : 1 – 2 mm
 Color of disk floret upper side : RHS N66 D
- 25 Color of disk floret lower side : RHS 155C
 Number of phyllaries per capitulum : 15 - 20
 Length of phyllaries : 3 mm
 Diameter of phyllaries : 1 mm
 Color of phyllaries upperside : RHS 143 C
- 30 Innerside : RHS 143 C
 Diameter of capitulum at beginning of flowering : 3 - 4 mm

Depth of capitulum	:	5 – 7 mm
Color of capitulum at beginning of flowering:	RHS 064 D	
Diameter of capitulum at full flowering :	8 - 10mm	
Color of capitulum at full flowering :	RHS 065 A	
5 Color of capitulum when old	:	RHS 069 D

Reproductive organs

Gynoecium

		Number of pistels : 1
10 Shape of pistils	:	style with two filiform branches
Length of stigma and style	:	2 – 3 mm
Color of stigma	:	RHS 065 A
Inferior ovary	:	5 ribbed
15 Pappus	:	short

Androecium

Number of anthers	:	5, connate in a tube, filaments free
Shape of anthers	:	ecalcarate
20 Pollen	:	a little pollen is present
Color of pollen	:	RHS N155 A

Fragrance	:	No fragrance
25 Lastingness of the bloom	:	The capitula of one umbel open over a period of 3 to 4 weeks
Seedset		‘Agrosamtis’ has seedset

Seed

	Shape	: pentagonal
5	Length	: 2 mm
	Diameter	: 0.8 mm
	Color	: RHS 202 A
	Pappus	: very short

10 Roots

Type of roots : Fibrous. Roots start to grow on every part of the stem that contacts de soil, so not only at the nodes.

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Physiological and ecological characteristics.

Good tolerance to heat and cold, but no frost tolerance. Strong resistance to pests and diseases.

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